



Case Study



MEASURING TASK

Determination of sludge density behind the suction pump.

Hopper capacity: 950 m³

Pipe diameter: 508 mm (20 inch)

Pipe material: Steel

Solids: 10 - 35 wt%Density: $1 - 1.4 \text{ ton/m}^3$

Temperature: $5^{\circ}\text{C} - 25^{\circ}\text{C} (41^{\circ}\text{F} - 77^{\circ}\text{F})$

INSTRUMENT USED

The SDM Slurry Density Meter. The SDM is installed in a 20 inch pipe by means of a metal weld-on piece (weldolet).

CHALLENGE

Beens Dredging got the assignment to remove a certain amount of sludge from the port in Amsterdam to ensure a safe passage for ships. The operator of the ship wants to fill the hopper with sand as quickly as possible to reduce the total time spent on this project. A density meter was needed to monitor the real-time density of the sludge.

SOLUTION

The SDM is a good solution for this measuring task, because of its reliable, stable and real-time measurement results. The instrument uses non-nuclear technology, so there are no additional safety costs or governmental restrictions.

The density meter is used in combination with a flow meter to determine the optimal dredging condition. The density and flow rate are both shown at a (digital) cross meter in the wheelhouse. This cross meter helps the operator to execute a dredging session more efficiently, resulting in a reduction of the total project time and accordingly also the costs.

RESULTS

The SDM contributes to:

- Real-time density monitoring
- Determination of the optimal dredging condition
- Efficient completion of the dredging session
- Reduction of time and money spent on a project
- Quicker response to changing process conditions
- Avoiding pump obstructions





FOR FURTHER INFORMATION

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